



SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 453/2010)

SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : GRAVOLAQUE
Product code : GRAV 010.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Products for mixing system.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : GRAVOTECH MARKING SAS.
Address : 56, avenue Jean Jaurès.10600.La Chapelle Saint Luc.France.
Telephone : +33 (0)3 25 41 65 65. Fax : +33 (0)3 25 79 04 25.
e-mail : info@gravograph.fr
<http://www.gravograph.com>

1.4. Emergency telephone number : +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation : INRS / ORFILA <http://www.centres-antipoison.net>.

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Flammable liquid, Category 3 (Flam. Liq. 3, H226).
Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking (EUH066).
May produce an allergic reaction (EUH208).
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 2 (Aquatic Chronic 2, H411).

In compliance with directives 67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC and their amendments.

Flammable (R 10).
May produce an allergic reaction.
Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking (R 66).
Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness (R 67).
Aquatic environmental hazard, chronic toxicity: toxic (N, R 51/53).

2.2. Label elements

Mixture for spray application.

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :



GHS09



GHS07



GHS02

Signal Word :

WARNING

Additional labeling :

EUH208

Contains 2-BUTANONE OXIME. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208

Contains BIS(2-ÉTHYLHEXANOATE) DE COBALT. May produce an allergic reaction.

Hazard statements :

H226

Flammable liquid and vapour.

H336

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Precautionary statements - Prevention :	
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/.../equipment.
P261	Avoid breathing vapours.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Precautionary statements - Response :	
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P391	Collect spillage.
Precautionary statements - Storage :	
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Precautionary statements - Disposal :	
P501	Dispose of contents/container at a disposal facility in accordance with local regulations.

In compliance with directives 67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC and their amendments.

Hazard symbols :



Dangerous for the environment

Flammable

Contains :

Contains EC 205-250-6 BIS(2-ÉTHYLHEXANOATE) DE COBALT. May produce an allergic reaction.
 Contains 616-014-00-0 2-BUTANONE OXIME. May produce an allergic reaction.

Risk phrase :

R 51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
 R 10 Flammable.
 R 66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
 R 67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Safety phrase :

S 61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/Safety data sheets.
 S 23 Do not breathe vapour.
 S 24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
 S 29 Do not empty into drains.
 S 51 Use only in well-ventilated areas.
 S 60 This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

2.3. Other hazards

No data available.

SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**3.1. Substances**

No substances fulfil the criteria set forth in annexe II section A of the REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006.

3.2. Mixtures**Composition :**

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	67/548/EEC	Note	%
CAS: 64742-82-1 EC: 265-185-4 NAPhte LOURD (PETROLE), HYDRODESULFURE	GHS09, GHS08, GHS07, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH:066	Xn,N Xn;R65 N;R51/53 R10 R67-R66	NOTA: H P	25 <= x % < 50
INDEX: 601-022-00-9 CAS: 1330-20-7	GHS02, GHS07 Wng	Xn Xn;R20/21		2.5 <= x % < 10

EC: 215-535-7 XYLENE	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Xi;R38 R10		
INDEX: 603-016-00-1 CAS: 123-42-2 EC: 204-626-7 DIACETONE ALCOHOL	GHS07 Wng Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Xi Xi;R36		1 <= x % < 2.5
INDEX: 601-023-00-4 CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4 ETHYLBENZENE	GHS02, GHS07 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332	Xn,F Xn;R20 F;R11		1 <= x % < 2.5
INDEX: 649-327-00-6 CAS: 64742-48-9 EC: 265-150-3 REACH: 01-2119457273-39 NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED HEAVY	GHS08 Dgr Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Xn Xn;R65	NOTA: H P	1 <= x % < 2.5
INDEX: 616-014-00-0 CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 2-BUTANONE OXIME	GHS08, GHS05, GHS07 Dgr Carc. 2, H351 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	Xn Carc. Cat. 3;R40 Xn;R21 Xi;R41-R43		0 <= x % < 1
CAS: 136-52-7 EC: 205-250-6 BIS(2-ÉTHYLHEXANOATE) DE COBALT	GHS07 Wng Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317	Xi Xi;R38-R43		0 <= x % < 1

Information on ingredients :

Note P: The carcinogen or mutagen classification does not apply because the substance contains less than 0.1 % w/w of benzene (EINECS 200-753-7).

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.
NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. Description of first aid measures**In the event of exposure by inhalation :**

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.
If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.
If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.
In the event of inhalation of spray mist, seek medical attention immediately, showing the packaging or label.
In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with soft, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.
Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.
In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.
If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

In the event of swallowing :

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.
Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.
Seek medical attention, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use :

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non fire-fighters

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

For fire-fighters

Fire-fighters will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures

Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Always wash hands after handling.
- Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.
- Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
- Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Fire prevention :

- Handle in well-ventilated areas.
- Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.
- Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.
- Prevent the accumulation of electrostatic charges with connections to earth.
- The mixture can become electrostatically charged : always earth during decanting operations. Wear antistatic shoes and clothing and floors should be electrically conductive.
- Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.
- Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.
- Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.
- Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures :

- For personal protection, see section 8.
- Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.
- Avoid inhaling vapors.
- Where the personnel must carry out work in a booth, whether for spraying or otherwise, the ventilation may be inadequate to control particles and solvent vapors in every case.
- It is therefore recommended that personnel wear masks with a compressed air supply during spraying operations until the concentration of particles and solvent vapors has fallen below the exposure limits.
- Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.
- Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.
- Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.
- In all cases, recover emissions at source.
- Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

Prohibited equipment and procedures :

- No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.
- Never open the packages under pressure.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- No data available.

Storage

- Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place
- Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.
- Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight
- Avoid accumulation of electrostatic charges.
- The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Packaging

- Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

- No data available.

SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1. Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits :**

- European Union (2009/161/EU, 2006/15/EC, 2000/39/EC, 98/24/EC)

CAS	VME-mg/m3 :	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Notes :
1330-20-7	221	50	442	100	Peau
100-41-4	442	100	884	200	Peau

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
1330-20-7	100 ppm	150 ppm	-	-	-
123-42-2	50 ppm	-	-	-	-
100-41-4	100 ppm	125 ppm	-	-	-

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 21/06/2010) :

CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes
1330-20-7	100 ml/m3	440 mg/m3	2(II)	DFG, H
123-42-2	20 ml/m3	96 mg/m3	2(I)	DFG, H
100-41-4	100 ml/m3	440 mg/m3	2(I)	EU, H

- Belgium (Order of 19/05/2009, 2010) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
1330-20-7	50 ppm	100 ppm	-	-	-
123-42-2	50 ppm	-	-	-	-
100-41-4	100 ppm	125 ppm	-	-	-

- France (INRS - ED984 :2008) :

CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	Notes :	TMP No :
1330-20-7	50	221	100	442	*	4 Bis, 84, *
123-42-2	50	240	-	-	-	84
100-41-4	20	88.4	100	442	*	84

- Switzerland (SUVA 2009) :

CAS	VME-mg/m3 :	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Temps :	RSB :
1330-20-7	435	100	870	200	4x15	RB
123-42-2	96	20	192	40	4x15	R
100-41-4	435	100	435	100	15 min	R

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2007) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
1330-20-7	50 ppm	100 ppm	-	-	-
123-42-2	50 ppm	75 ppm	-	-	-
100-41-4	100 ppm	125 ppm	-	-	-

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))

- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)

Recommended properties :

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

- Respiratory protection

Avoid breathing vapours.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387 :

- A1 (Brown)

SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties****General information :**

Physical state :	viscous liquid.
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Important health, safety and environmental information

pH :	Not relevant.
Flash Point Interval :	23°C <= PE <= 55°C
Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) :	0.8
Vapour pressure :	Below 110 kPa (1.10 bar).
Density :	0.95 - 1.15
Water solubility :	Insoluble.

9.2. Other information

Boiling point/boiling range :	> 35°C.
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SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**10.1. Reactivity**

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid :

- accumulation of electrostatic charges.
- heating
- heat
- flames and hot surfaces

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from :

- oxidising agents
- strong acids
- strong bases

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**11.1. Information on toxicological effects**

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness.

Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance.

11.1.1. Substances

No toxicological data available for the substances.

11.1.2. Mixture**Respiratory or skin sensitisation :**

Contains at least one sensitising substance. May cause an allergic reaction.

Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) :

CAS 100-41-4 : IARC Group 2B : The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans.
CAS 1330-20-7 : IARC Group 3 : The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances

No aquatic toxicity data available for the substances.

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK) :

WGK 2 (VwVwS vom 27/07/2005, KBws) : Hazardous for water.

SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2011 - IMDG 2010 - ICAO/IATA 2012).

14.1. UN number

1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1263=PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning and reducing compound)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :



3

14.4. Packing group

III

14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous material :

**14.6. Special precautions for user**

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	3	F1	III	3	30	5 L	163 640EE 650	E1	3	D/E
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ			
	3	-	III	5 L	F-E,S-E	163 223 955	E1			
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	3	-	III	355	60 L	366	220 L	A3 A72	E1	
	3	-	III	Y344	10 L	-	-	A3 A72	E1	

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

No data available.

SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****- Labelling for VOCs present in varnishes, paints and in vehicle refinishing products (2004/42/EC) :**

The permitted European level of VOC in this ready-to-use product is limited to 569 g/l.

The permitted European level of VOC in the ready-to-use product (category IIa) is 600 g/l maximum (2007).

- Particular provisions :

No data available.

- German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK) :

Germany : WGK 2 (VwVwS vom 27/07/2005, KBws)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Title for H, EUH and R indications mentioned in section 3 :

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer .
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH208	Contains <name of sensitising substance>. May produce an allergic reaction.
R 10	Flammable.
R 11	Highly flammable.
R 20	Harmful by inhalation.
R 20/21	Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

R 21	Harmful in contact with skin.
R 36	Irritating to eyes.
R 38	Irritating to skin.
R 40.C3	Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
R 41	Risk of serious damage to eyes.
R 43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R 51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R 65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R 66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R 67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Abbreviations :

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefährdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02 : Flame

GHS07 : Exclamation mark

GHS09 : Environment